KCR 1 FINANCIAL PRESSURES: The ongoing government funding cuts will continue to have an impact on Council services. Over the course of the last 4 years there has been a substantial reduction in government grants leading to significant financial savings delivered. The expectation is that £16m savings will be required over the years 17/18 to 19/20. The council needs a structured and strategic approach to deliver the savings in order to ensure that any change to service provision is aligned to the council's key priorities. In addition other partner organisations are facing financial pressures.

Risk Detail (cause)	Implications (consequence)	Gross Likelihood	Gross Impact	Controls	Net Likelihood	Net Impact	Direction of Travel	Risk Owner and Actions
Reduction in government grants leading to the necessity to make savings Increased service demand and costs (for example an aging population). Financial pressures on other partners that impact on the Council	Potential major implications on service delivery Impacts on vulnerable people Spending exceeds available budget	Probable	Major (20)	Effective medium term planning and forecasting Chief finance officer statutory assessment of balanced budget Regular communications on budget strategy and options with senior management and politicians Skilled and resourced finance function, supported by managers with financial awareness Efficiency Plan agreed by Executive June 2016 Financial Strategy 2017/18 approved	Possible	Moderate (14)	No change	Development of budget strategy for 2018-19 (lan Floyd, 31/01/2018)

KCR 2 GOVERNANCE: Failure to ensure key governance frameworks are fit for purpose. With the current scale and pace of transformation taking place throughout the organisation it is now more important than ever that the council ensures that its key governance frameworks are strong particularly those around statutory compliance including information governance, transparency and health and safety.

Risk Detail (cause)	Implications (consequence)		Gross Impact		Net Likelihood	Net Impact	Direction of Travel	Risk Owner and Actions
Increased interactions in relation to FOI and transparency	Breach of Data Protection Act and other non compliance	Probable	Major (20)	Electronic Communication Policy	Possible	Major (19)	New control added	Ongoing Action - Health and Safety training programmes at all
Failure to comply with	Fines levied by Information Commissioner			IT security systems in place				levels (Ian Floyd, 31/03/2018)
information security policy Serious breach of health	Impact on the end user/customer			Governance and Assurance Group (GRAG)				Ongoing Action: regular
and safety legislation Failure to comply with statutory obligations in	Public and staff safety may be put at risk			Secure paper storage and confidential waste disposal available in office accommodation				review of internal audit reviews and recommendations (lan Floyd 31/03/18)
respect of public safety.	Further incidents occur Adverse media coverage			Ongoing Internal Audit review of information security				(14117 10)4 0 1/100/10)
	Reputational impact			Health and Safety monitoring by CMT and DMTs				
				Regular monitoring reports to Audit & Governance committee and Executive Member decision sessions				
				Open Data platform providing Freedom of Information (FOI) requested data				
				Regular review of transparency code legislation and compliance				
				Ongoing management of data architecture to provide de-				

Risk Detail (cause)	Implications (consequence)	 Gross Impact		Net Likelihood	Net Impact	Direction of Travel	Risk Owner and Actions
			personalised data to open data platform				
			NEW - Revised media and social media protocols				

KCR 3 EFFECTIVE AND STRONG PARTNERSHIPS: Failure to ensure governance and monitoring frameworks of partnership arrangements are fit for purpose to effectively deliver outcomes. In order to continue to deliver some services the council will have to enter into partnerships with a multitude of different organisations whether they are third sector or commercial entities. There needs to be robust, clear governance arrangements in place for these partnerships as well as performance monitoring arrangements to ensure delivery of the objectives.

Risk Detail (cause)	Implications (consequence)	Gross Likelihood		Controls	Net Likelihood	Net Impact		Risk Owner and Actions
Failure to effectively monitor and manage partnerships, and Council owned organisations Partner (especially NHS, Academies) financial pressures may effect outcomes Unilateral decisions made by key partners may effect CYC budgets or services	Key partnerships fail to deliver or break down Ability to deliver transformation priorities undermined Adverse impact on service delivery Funding implications Reputational impact	Probable	(20)	Creating Resilient Communities Working Group (CRCWG) Account management approach to monitoring key partnerships Safeguarding Board revised governance in place Shareholder Committee to monitor Council owned companies York Central Partnership	Possible	Moderate (14)	change	Ongoing action - Monitoring of controls (CMT, 31/03/2018)

KCR 4 CHANGING DEMOGRAPHICS: Inability to meet statutory deadlines due to changes in demographics. York has a rapidly changing demographic in relation to both residents and business. This brings with it significant challenges particularly in the delivery of adult social care and children's services. There has also been significant migration and as such the council needs to ensure that community impacts are planned for and resourced.

Risk Detail (cause)	Implications (consequence)	Gross Likelihood			Net Likelihood	Net Impact	Direction of Travel	Risk Owner and Actions
Baby boom impact on schools Inward migration to York	Increased service demand from residents; school placements, SEN, emotional mental health, adult social care and environmental	Probable	Major (20)	Analysis of need and work around options Stakeholder and officer group	Possible	-	No change	Ongoing Action - Ensure adequate supply of schools places (CYC Place Planning Strategy,
Development and regeneration makes York	services (eg waste collection)			DfE returns				Governance Structure) (Jon
	Increased service demand in relation to business (eg			Inclusion review				Stonehouse, 31/03/2018)
An aging population requiring services from the council placing significant financial and delivery challenges	Regulation, Planning) Impact on reducing budgets and resources Statutory school places have to be found			Caseload monitoring Local area working restructures in frontline services, including Early intervention initiatives and better selfcare Place planning strategy in place				Redesign and implement new arrangements for early intervention and prevention (Jon Stonehouse, 31/12/2017)
Increased ethnic diversity Growing SEN - in particular autism	Rise in delayed discharges Impact on service users			School population reported every 6 months				Assessment and care management Review (Martin
Popularity of universities Increase in complexity of needs as people get older	Reputational impact Insufficient capacity for workload - need right people in the right place			Direct access to support and services Investment in support brokerage work with NHS integrated commissioning				Farran, 31/12/2018) Advise and Information Strategy and Action Plan
Increase in people living with dementia				Creating Resilient Communities Working Group (CRCWG)				(Martin Farran, 31/12/2018)
Demographic of workforce unable to meet demand								Undertake a review to link the Local Plan and Major

Risk Detail (cause)	 Gross Likelihood		Net Likelihood	Net Impact	Risk Owner and Actions
Failure to plan for the impact of a rapid change in demographics to front line service provision					development projects to demographic data to determine the impact on all CYC services (CMT, 31/03/18)

KCR 5 SAFEGUARDING: A vulnerable child or adult with care and support needs is not protected from harm. Ensuring that vulnerable adults and children in the city are safe and protected is a key priority for the council. The individual, organisational and reputational implications of ineffective safeguarding practice are acute.

Risk Detail (cause)	Implications (consequence)			Controls		Net	Direction	Risk Owner and
		Likelihood			Likelihood		of Travel	Actions
Failure to protect a child or vulnerable adult from death or serious harm (where service failure is a factor)	Vulnerable person not protected Children's serious case review or lessons learned	Probable	Major (20)	Safeguarding sub groups Multi agency policies and procedures Specialist safeguarding cross sector	Possible	Major (19)	No change	Restructure Children's Social Care Services (Jon Stonehouse, 31/12/2017) –
	exercise			training				revised date
	Safeguarding adults review			Quantitative and qualitative performance management				New Children's Social Care records
	Reputational damage			Reporting and governance to lead				system (Jon Stonehouse,
	Serious security risk			Member, Chief Executive and Scrutiny				30/09/2018) – revised date
				Annual self assessment, peer challenge and regulation				Safeguarding Board annual action plan
				Audit by Veritau of Safeguarding Adults processes				2018/19 (Martin Farran, 31/03/2018)
				Children's and Adults Safeguarding Boards (LSCB & ASB)				Community Safety Plan (Martin Farran
				Ongoing inspection preparation & peer challenge				30/09/2017) – revised date
				National Prevent process				
				DBS checks and re-checks				
				Effectively resourced and well managed service				
				Safeguarding Board annual plan				

Risk Detail (cause)	Implications (consequence)	Gross Likelihood	Controls	Net Likelihood	Net Impact	Risk Owner and Actions
			2017/18 and Strategic Plan to 2019/20 are approved			
			Controls implemented from peer review action plan			
			CORAG (Chief Officer Reference and Accountability Group) which brings together Chief Officers from relevant organisations in relation to safeguarding eg police, CYC			

KCR 6 HEALTH AND WELLBEING: Failure of Health and Wellbeing Board to deliver outcomes, resulting in the health and wellbeing of communities being adversely affected. The Council has the responsibility for the provision of public health services. The Health & Wellbeing Board, brings together local organisations to work in partnership to improve outcomes for the communities in which they work. Poor governance or financial pressures (partners or Council) may lead to failure to adequately perform these functions, resulting in the health and wellbeing of communities being adversely affected.

Risk Detail (cause)	Implications (consequence)	Gross Likelihood	Gross Impact	Controls	Net Likelihood	Net Impact		Risk Owner and Actions
to evidence due to longevity a	delivered	Probable	Major (20)	The Council have oversight of the Health and Wellbeing Board, which own the Health & Wellbeing strategy and receives reports on progress. The Health & Wellbeing Board has approved a new 5 year joint strategy for the period 2017-21, including a joint strategic needs assessment A governance structure is in place for delivery of the Health & Wellbeing strategy. Development sessions delivered by the Local Government Association (LGA) Improved workforce awareness of Health & Wellbeing Strategy One Planet York's better decision making tool to assist with the Integration of the Health & Wellbeing Agenda in relation to all Council service areas and external organisations Restructured Healthy Child Service Public Health is a statutory requirement of the Council		Moderate (14)	No change	Develop a Performance Management Framework for monitoring of outcomes. (Sharon Stoltz, Jon Stonehouse, Martin Farran 30/09/2017)

KCR 7 CAPITAL PROGRAMME: Failure to deliver the Capital Programme, which includes high profile projects. The capital programme currently has approximately 85 schemes with a budget of £215m from 2017/18 to 2021/22. The schemes range in size and complexity but are currently looking to deliver two very high profile projects, the Community Stadium and York Central, which are key developments for the city.

Risk Detail (cause)	Implications (consequence)	Gross Likelihood	Gross Impact	Controls	Net Likelihood	Net Impact	Direction of Travel	Risk Owner and Actions
Complex projects with inherent risks Large capital programme being managed with reduced resources across the Council	Additional costs and delays to delivery of projects The benefits to the community are not realised Reputational Damage	Probable	Major (20)	Project boards and project plans Regular monitoring of schemes Capital programme reporting to Executive and A&G Financial, legal and procurement support included within the capital budget for specialist support skills Revised Project Management Framework Capital Strategy 2017/18 to 2021/22 approved in Feb 2017 Additional resource approved to support project management	Possible	Moderate (14)	No change	Development of capital strategy for 2018-19 (lan Floyd, 31/01/2018)

KCR 8 LOCAL PLAN: Failure to develop a Local Plan could result in York losing its power to make planning decisions and potential loss of funding. The council has a statutory duty to develop a Local Plan, a city wide plan, which helps shape the future development in York over the next 20 years. It sets out the opportunities and policies on what will or will not be permitted and where, including new homes and businesses. The Local Plan is a critical part of helping to grow York's economy, create more job opportunities and address our increasing population needs.

Risk Detail (cause)	Implications (consequence)	Gross Likelihood		Controls	Net Likelihood	Net Impact	Direction of Travel	Risk Owner and Actions
Fail to adopt and agree a Local Plan Local Plan adoption process delayed Significant opposition to the plan that may impede its progression	Significant negative impact on the council's strategic economic goals Council continues to have no adopted development plan/framework Legal and probity issues Reputational damage Increased resources required to deal with likely significant increase in planning appeals Development processes and decision making is slowed down Widespread public concern and opposition Inability to maximise planning gain from investment Adverse impact on investment in the city Unplanned planning does not meet the authority's	Probable	Major (20)	Develop strategy for cross party working on long term strategic issues CMT and DMT to work closely with key Members on Local Plan issues Proactive communication strategy Effective programme and project management to ensure timescales and milestones are met Effective project resourcing Continued close liaison with neighbouring authorities Continued close liaison with DCLG, Planning Advisory Services and Planning Inspectorate		Major (19)	No change	Ongoing action - Monitoring of controls (Mike Slater, 31/03/2018)

	Risk Detail (cause)		Gross Likelihood	Controls	Net Likelihood	Net Impact	Risk Owner and Actions
ľ		aspirations of the city					
		Ongoing costs of the preparation of the Local Plan					
		Potential loss of funding if Plan is not approved					

KCR 9 COMMUNITIES: Failure to ensure we have resilient, cohesive, communities who are empowered and able to shape and deliver services. The council needs to engage in meaningful consultation with communities to ensure decisions taken reflect the needs of residents, whilst encouraging them to be empowered to deliver services that the council is no longer able to do. Failing to do this effectively would mean that services are not delivered to the benefit of those communities or in partnership.

Risk Detail (cause)				Controls		Net Impact	Direction of Travel	Risk Owner and Actions
Failure to effectively engage with the communities we serve Failure to contribute to the delivery of safe communities Failure to effectively engage stakeholders (including Members and CYC staff) in the decision making process Failure to manage expectations Communities are not willing/able to fill gaps following withdrawal of CYC services Lack of cohesion in the planning and use of CYC and partner community based assets in the city	Lack of buy in and understanding from stakeholders Alienation and disengagement of the community Relationships with strategic partners damaged Impact on community wellbeing Services brought back under council provision — reputational and financial implications Budget overspend Create inefficiencies Services not provided Poor quality provision not focused on need, potential duplication, ineffective use of resources, difficulty in commissioning community	Probable	Major	Creating Resilient Communities Working Group (CRCWG) New service delivery models Revised Community Safety Plan Devolved budgets to Ward Committees and delivery of local action plans through ward teams Local area working restructures for Children's, Adults and Housing Services Improved information and advice, Customer Strategy and ICT support to facilitate self service CYC Staff and Member training and development	Possible		No change	Actions Develop a Community Engagement Strategy (Jon Stonehouse, 31/12/2017) – revised date
	services e.g. Library services							

KCR 10 WORKFORCE/ CAPACITY: Reduction in workforce/ capacity may lead to a risk in service delivery. It is crucial that the council remains able to retain essential skills and also to be able to recruit to posts where necessary, during the current periods of uncertainty caused by the current financial climate and transformational change. The health, wellbeing and motivation of the workforce is therefore key in addition to skills and capacity to deliver.

Risk Detail (cause)	Implications (consequence)	Gross Likelihood	Gross Impact	Controls	Net Likelihood	Net Impact		Risk Owner and Actions
The necessity to deliver savings has resulted in a reduced workforce requiring new and specialist skills Recruitment and retention	Increased workloads for staff Impact on morale and as a result, staff turnover Inability to maintain service standards	Probable	Major (20)	Workforce Strategy/ People Plan Stress Risk Assessments PDRs Comprehensive Occupational Health	Possible	Moderate (14)	No change	Develop a comprehensive health and wellbeing policy consolidating all current and planned actions. (Sharon Stoltz,
difficulties as the council may be seen as a less attractive option than the private sector Lack of succession planning	Impact on vulnerable customer groups Reputational damage Single points of failure			provision including counseling HR policies e.g. whistleblowing, dignity at work Development of coaching/ mentoring culture to improve engagement with				31/03/2018) Ongoing action: Review of HR policies to ensure they compliment the new ways of working
HR Policies may not be consistent with new ways of working (eg remuneration policy)	throughout the business			staff Corporate Cost Control Group monitoring of absence and performance reporting Apprenticeship task group				in the future (lan Floyd 31/03/18)
				Agency and Interim Staffing Policies				

NEW - KCR 11 EXTERNAL MARKET CONDITIONS: Failure to deliver commissioned services due to external market conditions.

The financial pressures experienced by contracted services (in particular Adult Social Care providers) as a result of increases to the living wage could put the continued operation of some providers at risk. The Council has a duty to ensure that there is a stable/diverse market for social care services delivery to meet the assessed needs of vulnerable adults/children.

Some services provided by the Council cannot be provided internally (eg Park and Ride) and must be commissioned. External market conditions such as the number of providers willing to tender for services may affect the Council's abilty to deliver the service within budget constraints.

Risk Detail (cause)		Gross Likelihood		Controls	Net Likelihood	Net Impact	Risk Owner and Actions
	Vulnerable people do not get the services required or experience disruption in	Unlikely	Major (18)	Clear contract and procurement measures in place	Unlikely	Moderate (13)	Ongoing action: Ongoing attendance at Independent Care
of staff	service provision Safeguarding risks			Ongoing review of operating and business models of all key providers			Group Provider Conference (Martin Farran 31/03/18)
If failure occurs, the Council may remain responsible for ensuring the needs of those				CYC investment in extra care OPHs has reduced recruitment pressure			
receiving the service continue uninterrupted.	provider Increased cost if number of providers are limited			Revised SLA with independent care group and quarterly monitoring meetings with portfolio holder			
	Reputational damage			Increase in homecare fees to reflect actual cost of care			
				Local policies in place for provider failure			